Facts and figures

Our customers often ask what makes our consumer information better than that of our competitors. Here's what makes our data unique.



Experian was the first organisation to collect and provide consumer information on a national scale. Here's how it all started.

1967

A quarter of UK families shopped with mail-order retailer Great Universal Stores (GUS), meaning It was probably the largest lender in the country.

To manage bad debts and make credit decisions, it developed a computerised credit-reporting database.

1970

GUS added electoral data and CCJs to the database, and decided to explore credit reporting commercially.

Commercial Credit (Nottingham) Limited was established to sell GUS's credit information services and quickly became the UK market leader.

1983

CCN believed they could predict credit risk more accurately if lenders could see others data. Credit Account Information Sharing, or CAIS – the first database of its kind – was born. By the mid-1980s, CCN had almost two thirds of the UK credit information market.

1996

GUS purchased Experian, a leading US credit data business, for \$1.7 billion. CCN renamed as Experian.

2006

Experian became an independent company on the London Stock Exchange (EXPN) and a constituent of the FTSE 100 index.

12013

ExPin, Experian's leading match key, was launched.